



# Port CF 2021

New Zealand National Data Registry

**cf** CYSTIC  
FIBROSIS NZ

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**The Port CF National Data Registry is a research project of Cystic Fibrosis NZ. For further information about Cystic Fibrosis NZ visit [cfnz.org.nz](http://cfnz.org.nz)**

#### **Source of Data:**

Children, young persons and adults with cystic fibrosis in New Zealand who have consented to have their data recorded as part of the National Data Registry.

#### **Suggested Citation:**

Port CF National Data Registry, 2021 Registry Report, Cystic Fibrosis NZ. <http://cfnz.org.nz/>



# Introduction

## From the Chair of the Port CFNZ Steering Committee

Cystic Fibrosis NZ and the Port CF Steering Committee are pleased to present the National Data Registry 2021 Report containing data collected from children, young persons and adults with cystic fibrosis (CF) in New Zealand.

We would like to thank:

- The children and adults with CF and their families for participating in this process.
- Cystic Fibrosis NZ for providing funding for database analysis and data entry.
- The nurses, specialists and administrators who have worked to enter data, enabling a detailed analysis for New Zealand presented in this report.
- Health NZ (Canterbury) for their on-going information technology service to maintain the National Data Registry (Registry).

This eleventh Registry Report provides an increasingly accurate picture of people with CF in New Zealand and their outcomes with 97-98% opting to provide this anonymised data, bringing the total number to 577.

The 2021 Registry Report continues to inform future care and the future resources needed. It is particularly important to understand the number of people with CF and those who may benefit from modulator therapy.

We hope you find the information in this 2021 Report informative and useful.



**Associate Professor Cass Byrnes**  
Chair Port CF Steering Committee  
Port CFNZ Principal Investigator (2017 - 2021)



**Jane Bollard**  
Chief Executive, Cystic Fibrosis NZ  
(until September 2021)

**Report completed by:**

Cass Byrnes, Jan Tate, Emma Ellis

**A special thanks to:**

Andrew Watson, Health NZ (Canterbury), Alexia Searchfield



# CF Clinics in New Zealand

## Northland (Paediatrics)

Whangarei Hospital, Whangarei

## Auckland (Paediatrics and Adults)

Starship Child Health  
Greenlane Clinical Centre

## Waikato (Paediatrics and Adults)

Waikato Hospital, Hamilton

## Taranaki (Paediatrics and Adults)

Taranaki Base Hospital, New Plymouth

## Bay of Plenty (Paediatrics and Adults)

Tauranga Hospital, Tauranga  
Whakatane Hospital, Whakatane  
Lakes Hospital, Rotorua

## Central Districts (Paediatrics and Adults)

Palmerston North Hospital, Palmerston North

## Hawkes Bay (Paediatrics and Adults)

Hawkes Bay District Hospital, Hastings  
Tairāwhiti Hospital, Gisborne

## Wellington (Paediatrics and Adults)

Capital and Coast Hospital, Wellington  
Hutt Valley Hospital, Lower Hutt

## Nelson/Marlborough (Paediatrics)

Nelson Hospital, Nelson  
Wairau Hospital, Blenheim

## Canterbury (Paediatrics and Adults)

Christchurch Hospital, Christchurch

## Otago (Paediatrics and Adults)

Dunedin Hospital, Dunedin

## Southland (Paediatrics)

Kew Hospital, Invercargill

# Glossary of Terms

<b>CFNZ</b>	Cystic Fibrosis NZ
<b>FEV<sub>1</sub></b>	Lung function measurement as forced expiratory volume in one second
<b>FVC</b>	Lung function measurement as the total forced vital capacity
<b>BMI</b>	Body Mass Index: measurement of weight relative to height
<b>Median</b>	Middle number in a numerically arranged range of numbers
<b>Range</b>	Upper and lower values in a dataset
<b>Paediatric</b>	Under 16 years of age
<b>Adult</b>	16 years and over
<b>PWCF</b>	Person with CF



# Notes to the Registry

New Zealand has a total CF population comparative to a single clinic in the United States (USA) or the United Kingdom (UK). The data collected from our CF population provides our national statistics. Our smaller population provides some challenges to statistical interpretation as outliers, in terms of late diagnoses and key markers, may have an impact on outcomes reported.

The brief commentary provided throughout this report reflects opinions based on our data and when cited as compared to other registries these are from Australia, the UK and the USA. Although there are a total of 577 registered in Port CF, not all individuals had an input for all categories. While the total is 577 (239 children under 16 year yof age and 338 adults 16 years and over) the number of PWCF shown at the top of each table or figure is the total number with a response for that category.

New Zealand Registry data is increasingly robust and accurate and **we welcome its use in audit and research projects by researchers from reputable institutions.** Enquiries regarding the use of data can be made to either the CFNZ Chief Executive or the Project Co-ordinator.

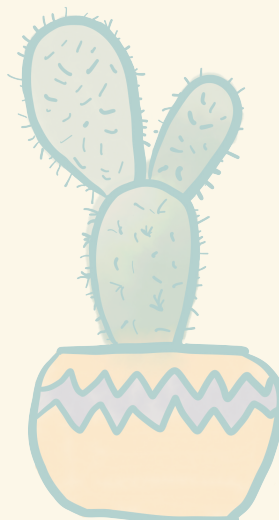
**Project Co-ordinator:**

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OR

**Chief Executive:**

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# Key Indicators

Key Indicators								577 PWCF
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
CF Patients Registered	577	572	531	514	498	501	449	443
<b>Diagnosis</b>								
Diagnosis age <1 year	14	15	11	15	15	6	5	7
Diagnosis age <16 years	4	4	1	0	2	3		
Diagnosis age ≥16 years	3	0	2	0	1	2	0	2
<b>Age</b>								
Median Age (in years)	19.0	19	18.87	18.54	18.27	17.38	18.25	18.11
Mean Age (in years)	21.7	21.6	21.49	21.2	20.79	20.04		
<b>PWCF &lt;16 years</b>								
Number	239	236	223	224	279	233	192	196
Percent	41.4%	41.3%	42%	43.6%	56.0%	46.5%	42.8%	44.2%
<b>PWCF ≥16 years</b>								
Number	338	336	308	290	219	268	257	247
Percent	58.6%	58.7%	58%	56.4%	44.0%	53.5%	57.2%	55.8%
<b>Gender</b>								
<b>Males</b>								
Number	321	319	297	285	273	275	247	240
Percent	55.6%	55.8%	56%	55.4%	54.9%	54.9%	55.0%	54.2%
<b>Females</b>								
Number	256	253	233	229	224	226	202	203
Percent	44.4%	44.2%	44%	44.6%	45.1%	45.1%	45.0%	45.8%
<b>Genotyped</b>								
Number	577	572	495	466	484	450	400	429
Percent	100%	100.0%	93.2%	90.7%	97.4%	90.0%	89.1%	96.8%
<b>FEV1 (% predicted)</b>								
Mean	79.8	78.4%	76.6%	81.8	85.1%	85.0%		
Median	84.8%	82.8%	79%	86.2	86.5%	88.4%	85.6%	85.1%
<b>FEV1 &lt; 16 Years</b>								
Mean	94.0%	91.4%	95.8%	96.70%	96.8%	97.3%		
Median	95.2%	93.7%	97.9%	98.80%	99.3	99.3%	98.9%	97.7%
<b>FEV1 ≥16 Years</b>								
Mean	72.5%	71.7%	74.7%	75.30%	72.60%	72.6%		
Median	75.8%	74.2%	76.8%	79.20%	77.4	77.4%	77.0%	78.0%
<b>FEV1 &lt; 18 Years</b>								
Mean	91.8%	89.7%	94.5%	95.40%	95.1%	95.0%		
Median	93.8%	93.1%	97.2%	98.30%	98.3%	98.0%		
<b>FEV1 ≥18 Years</b>								
Mean	77.0%	70.9%	73.1%	73.7%	72.2%	71.2%		
Median	75.6%	72.7%	74.7%	77.6%	75.6%	75.1%		

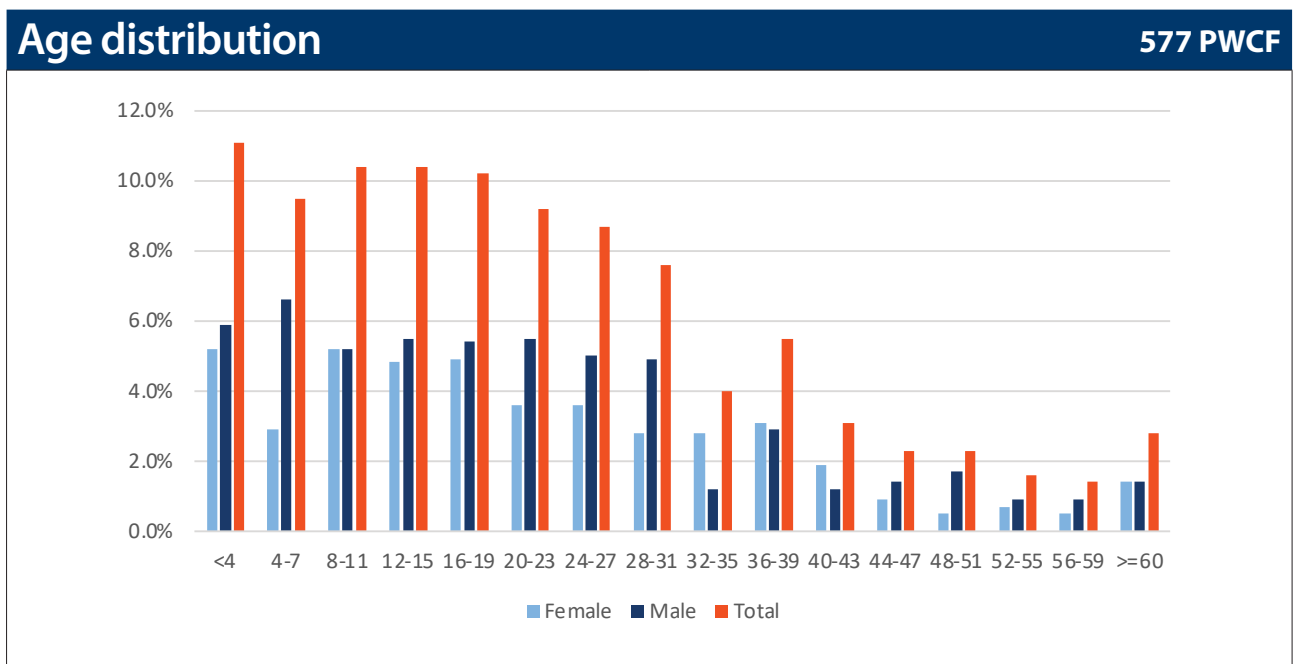
# Key Indicators cont.

Key Indicators								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<b>FVC (% predicted)</b>								
Mean	94.7%	93.4%						
Median	98.8%	96.0%						
<b>FVC &lt; 16 Years</b>								
Mean	100.5%	97.0%						
Median	101.4%	98.3%						
<b>FVC ≥ 16 Years</b>								
Mean	91.7%	91.5%						
Median	95.9%	95.1%						
<b>FVC &lt; 18 Years</b>								
Mean	99.5%	96.9%						
Median	101.3%	98.3%						
<b>FVC ≥ 18 Years</b>								
Mean	91.5%	91.1%						
Median	95.5%	93.7%						

Compared to previous years, there has been a slight increase in FEV1 and FVC in both our paediatric and adult populations.

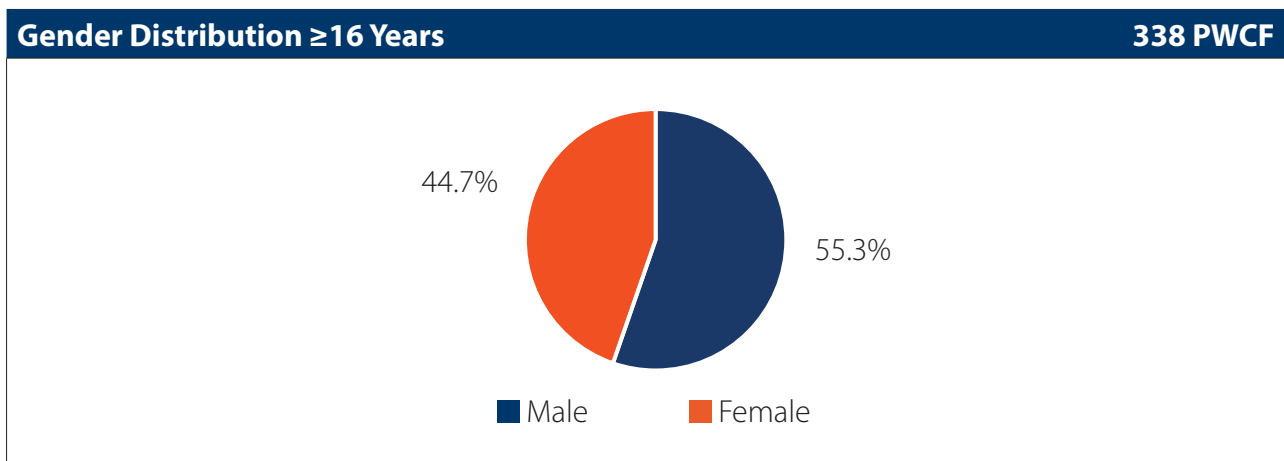
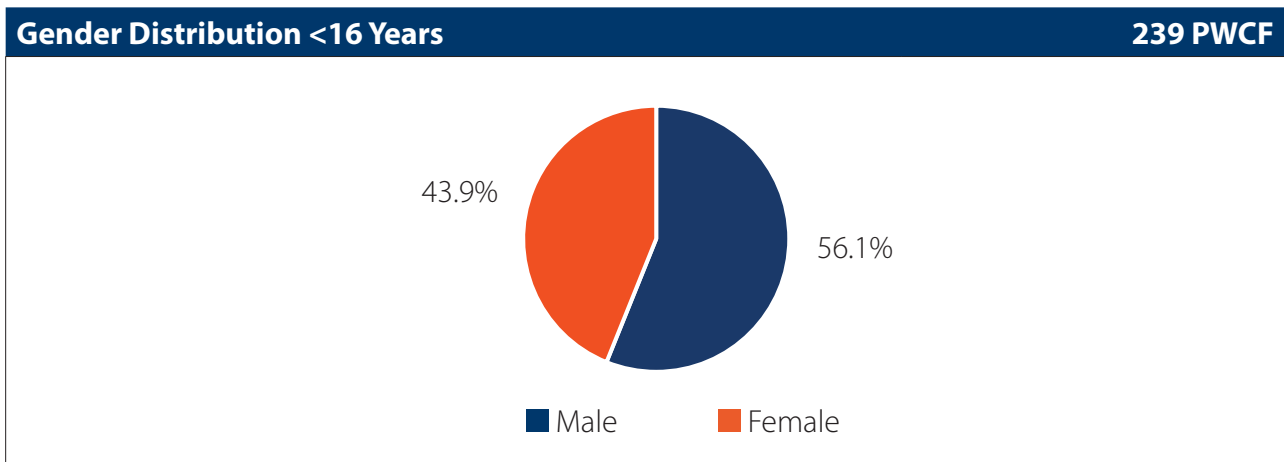
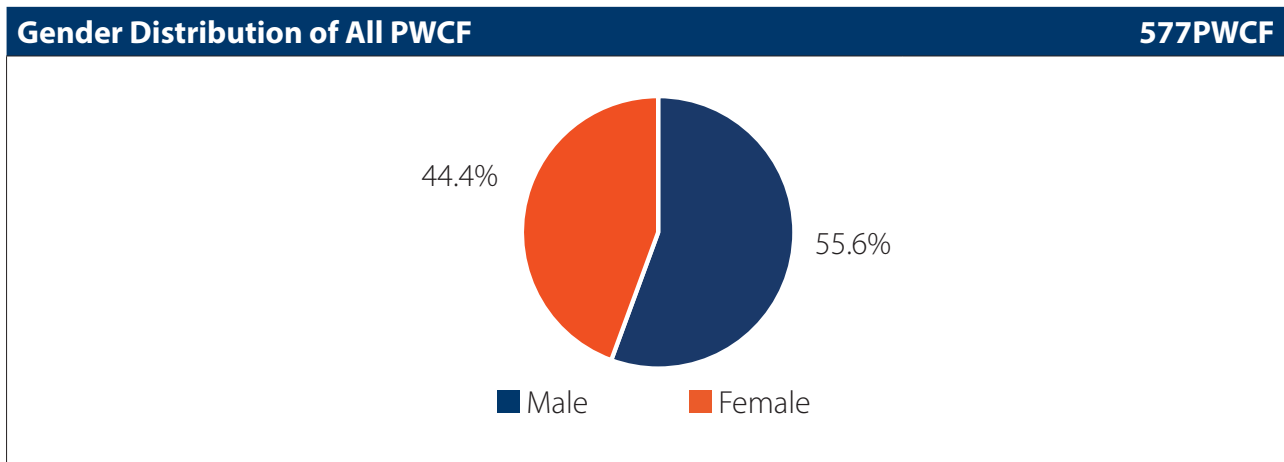
# 1. Demographics

1.1 Age distribution							577 PWCF
Age Group	All		Male		Female		
0-3	63	11.1%	34	5.9%	30	5.2%	
4-7	55	9.5%	38	6.6%	17	2.9%	
8-11	60	10.4%	30	5.2%	30	5.2%	
12-15	60	10.4%	32	5.5%	28	4.9%	
16-19	59	10.2%	31	5.4%	28	4.9%	
20-23	53	9.2%	32	5.5%	21	3.6%	
24-27	50	8.7%	29	5.0%	21	3.6%	
28-31	44	7.6%	28	4.9%	16	2.8%	
32-35	23	4.0%	7	1.2%	16	2.8%	
36-39	32	5.5%	17	2.9%	15	3.1%	
40-43	18	3.1%	7	1.2%	11	1.9%	
44-47	13	2.3%	8	1.4%	5	0.9%	
48-51	13	2.3%	10	1.7%	3	0.5%	
52-55	9	1.6%	5	0.9%	4	0.7%	
56-59	8	1.4%	5	0.9%	3	0.5%	
>=60	16	2.8%	8	1.4%	8	1.4%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>577</b>		<b>321</b>	<b>55.6%</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>44.4%</b>	
<b>Median</b>	<b>19</b>						
<b>Range</b>	<b>0 - 79</b>						

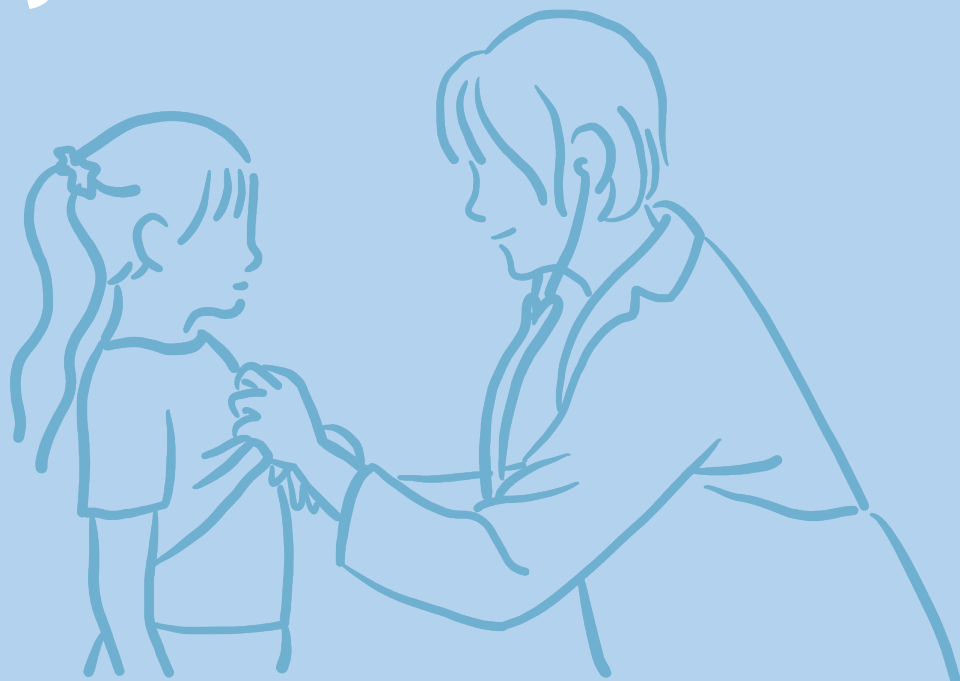


The median age of persons with CF in New Zealand has increased from 16 to 19 years over the eleven years that we have had Registry data. Children in international registries are defined as either up to 16 years or up to 18 years of age. In New Zealand, if we include children as being up to 16 years, we have 239 children (41.4% total) and 338 adults (58.6% total), if we include children as being up to 18 years, which is our more usual clinical practice, we have 263 children (45.6% total) and 314 adults (54.4% total).

1.2 Gender Distribution						577 PWCF
	All		<16		≥16	
	Number in age	Percent of all PWCF	Number in age group	Percent of all PWCF	Number in age group	Percent of PWCF
Male	321	55.8%	134	56.1%	187	55.3%
Female	256	44.4%	105	43.9%	151	44.7%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>41.4%</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>58.6%</b>



**“The median age of persons with CF in New Zealand has increased from 16 years to 19 years over the eleven years that we have had National Registry data.”**



## 2. Genotypes

2.1 Number and Percent Genotyped			577 PWCF
Mutations	Number of PWCF Genotyped	Percentage of PWCF Genotyped	
Homozygous F508del	267	46.3%	
Heterozygous F508del	237	41.1%	
No F508del	73	12.7%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>577</b>		

2.2 Second Allele of Heterozygous F508del				237 PWCF
Second Allele	c.DNA Name	Number of PWCF	Percent of PWCF	
R117H	c.350G>A	29	5.0%	
G551D	c.1652G>A	24	4.2%	
G542X	c.1624G>T	21	3.6%	
3849+10kbC->T	c.3717+12191C>T	9	1.6%	
N1303K	c.3909c>G	8	1.4%	
^1507	c.1519_1521delATC	4	0.7%	
1898+1G->A	c.1766+1G>A	4	0.7%	
3659delC	c.3528delC	4	0.7%	
G85E	c.254G>A	4	0.7%	
D1152H	c.3454G>C	4	0.7%	
1717-1G->A	c.1585-1G>A	3	0.5%	
621+1G->T	c.489+1G>T	3	0.5%	
Q493X	c.1477C>T	3	0.5%	
1078delT	c.948delT	2	0.3%	
A455E	c.1364C>A	2	0.3%	
E60X	c.178G>T	2	0.3%	
L206W	c.617T>G	2	0.3%	
R352Q	c.1055G>A	2	0.3%	
R560T	c.1679G>C	2	0.3%	
Y563D	c.1687T>G	2	0.3%	
2789+5G->A	c.2657+5G>A	2	0.3%	
R334W	c.1000C>T	1	0.2%	
1898+5G->T	c.1766+5G>T	1	0.2%	
3120+1G->A	c.2988+1G>A	1	0.2%	
P574H	c.1721C>A	1	0.2%	
R1162X	c.3484C>T	1	0.2%	
R347H	c.1040G>A	1	0.2%	
R347P	c.1040G>C	1	0.2%	
W1282X	c.3846G>A	1	0.2%	
D1270N	c.3808G>A	1	0.2%	
R117C	c.349C>T	1	0.2%	
Other genetic mutation		84	14.6%	
Not identified		7	1.2%	
Not Identified		7	1.2%	

**Note:** Because people have two genes, they are counted twice, once for each gene.

Our high percentage of F508del is in keeping with the international registries from European derived populations. In total only 73 persons in New Zealand do not have at least one F508del mutation. Looking at the gene mutations recorded in 2021 Registry, 47 of the 577 people who have been genotyped (8.1%) would not be detected by the current new born screening programme.

## 2.3 No F508del Mutations

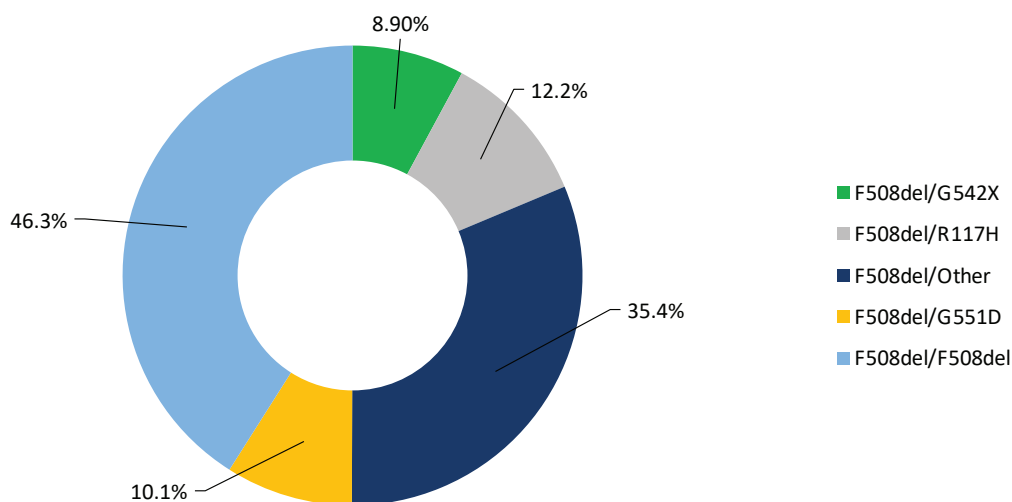
73 PWCF

	1717-1G->A	2143delT	3849+10kbC->T	621+1G->T	G542X	G551D	Not Identified	Other	Q493X	R1162X	R117H	R553X	W1282X	ΔI507
1078delT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1161delC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
1898+1G->A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2789+5G->A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3120+1G->A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849+10kbC-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
621+1G->T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
A455E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
G178R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
G542X	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
G551D	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	4	4	0	5	1	0	0
G85E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
N1303K	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not Identified	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
R1162X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
R117H	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
R553X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
S549N	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W1282X	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1

## 2.4 Genotype Major Categories

Mutations	Number PWCF Identified	Percentage PWCF Identified
F508del	504	87.3%
G551D	43	7.5%
R117H	41	7.1%
G542X	28	4.9%

## 2.5 Common Genotype Combinations

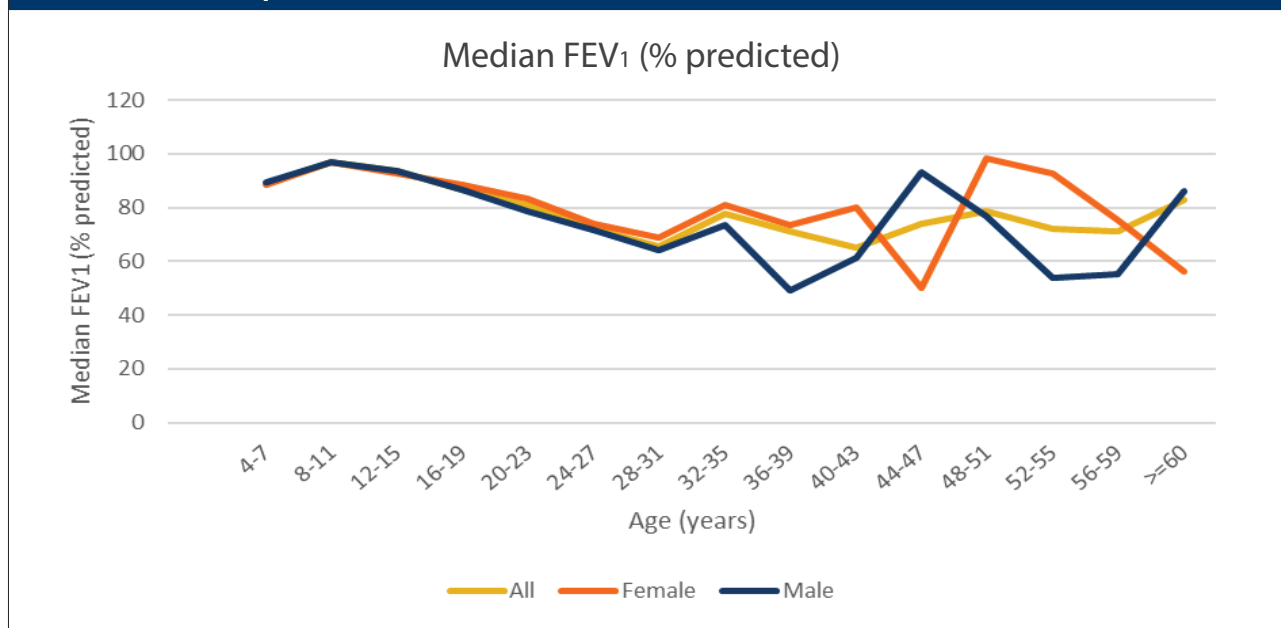


# 3. Respiratory

## 3.1 Median FEV<sub>1</sub> 407 PWCF

Age Group	All		Female		Male	
	Number in age group	Median FEV <sub>1</sub>	Number in age group	Median FEV <sub>1</sub>	Number in age group	Median FEV <sub>1</sub>
4-7	38	89.0	13	88.4	25	89.2
8-11	56	96.9	29	96.9	27	96.9
12-15	55	93.4	25	92.8	30	93.6
16-19	49	86.5	23	88.6	26	86.4
20-23	41	80.8	15	83.3	26	78.7
24-27	38	72.3	15	74.0	23	71.8
28-31	28	65.6	6	68.8	22	64.0
32-35	18	77.7	12	80.9	6	73.5
36-39	25	71.2	13	73.4	12	49.4
40-43	13	65.1	8	79.9	5	61.4
44-47	9	73.8	3	50.3	6	93.2
48-51	12	78.7	3	98.5	9	76.8
52-55	6	72.3	2	92.9	4	53.8
56-59	7	71.1	3	75.1	4	55.5
≥60	12	82.8	6	56.1	6	86.0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>407</b>		<b>176</b>		<b>231</b>	

## Median FEV<sub>1</sub> 407 PWCF



The median FEV<sub>1</sub> of the population able to do lung function has always been greater than 80% predicted since we started our Registry and the median this year is 84.8% (95.2% in children, 75.8% in adults). This necessarily excludes very young children who are unable to do lung function or those that find it very difficult because of technique or severity of disease. Nonetheless FEV<sub>1</sub> is an important prognostic indicator.

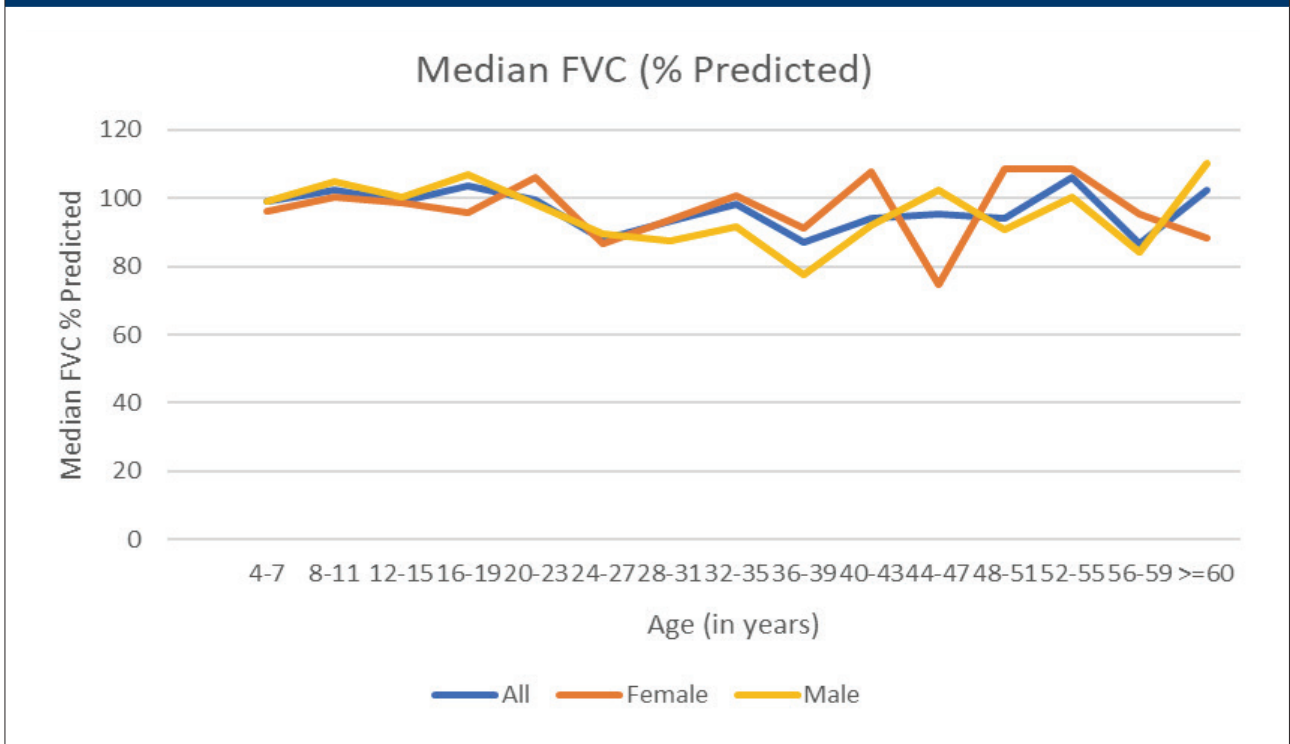
### 3.2 Median FVC

407 PWCF

Age Group	All		Female		Male	
	Number in age group	Median FVC	Number in age group	Median FVC	Number in age group	Median FVC
4-7	38	98.9	13	96.3	25	98.9
8-11	56	102.3	29	100.2	27	104.9
12-15	55	99.3	25	98.8	30	100.4
16-19	49	103.5	23	95.7	26	106.7
20-23	41	99.6	15	106.0	26	98.2
24-27	38	88.0	15	86.6	23	89.7
28-31	28	93.3	6	93.8	22	87.4
32-35	18	98.2	12	100.7	6	91.6
36-39	25	86.9	13	91.3	12	77.5
40-43	13	94.1	8	107.7	5	91.8
44-47	9	95.1	3	74.6	6	102.4
48-51	12	94.1	3	108.4	9	90.8
52-55	6	106.2	2	108.6	4	100.4
56-59	7	86.6	3	95.2	4	84.2
≥60	12	102.2	6	88.2	6	110.3
<b>Totals</b>	<b>407</b>		<b>176</b>		<b>231</b>	

### Median FVC

407 PWCF





# 4. Nutrition

4.1 Paediatric BMI									197 PWCF
All <16 Years			Female <16 Years			Male <16 Years			
BMI Percentile			BMI percentile			BMI percentile			
Age group	Number in group	Median percentile	Age group	Number in group	Median percentile	Age group	Number in group	Median percentile	
<4	34	63.1	<4	13	68.3	<4	21	51.3	
4-7	51	63.8	4-7	17	57.6	4-7	34	67.6	
8-11	56	54.8	8-11	29	46	8-11	27	57.3	
12-15	56	48.6	12-15	25	67.9	12-15	31	40.8	
<b>Totals</b>	<b>197</b>			<b>84</b>			<b>113</b>		

4.2 Adult BMI									254 PWCF
All ≥16 Years			Female ≥16 Years			Male ≥16 Years			
BMI			BMI			BMI			
Age group	Number in group	Median BMI	Age group	Number in group	Median BMI	Age group	Number in group	Median BMI	
16-19	48	20.3	16-19	22	20.2	16-19	26	20.7	
20-23	41	22.1	20-23	15	22.7	20-23	26	21.4	
24-27	38	22.1	24-27	15	22.1	24-27	23	21.9	
28-31	28	22.1	28-31	6	22.6	28-31	22	22	
32-35	17	22.7	32-35	11	22.7	32-35	6	26.4	
36-39	23	23.1	36-39	12	22.6	36-39	11	24	
40-43	13	23.3	40-43	8	22.8	40-43	5	24.4	
44-47	9	24.4	44-47	3	22.2	44-47	6	27.6	
48-51	12	25.1	48-51	3	23.2	48-51	9	25.3	
52-55	6	26.1	52-55	2	35.3	52-55	4	25.4	
56-59	7	26.5	56-59	3	24.9	56-59	4	27	
≥60	12	25.2	60+	6	24.4	60+	6	25.9	
<b>Totals</b>	<b>254</b>			<b>106</b>			<b>148</b>		

The relationship between nutrition, lung function and survival in CF is well established with normal body weight associated with better preservation of lung function. The Cystic Fibrosis Foundation USA suggests the following targets for optimal weight status:

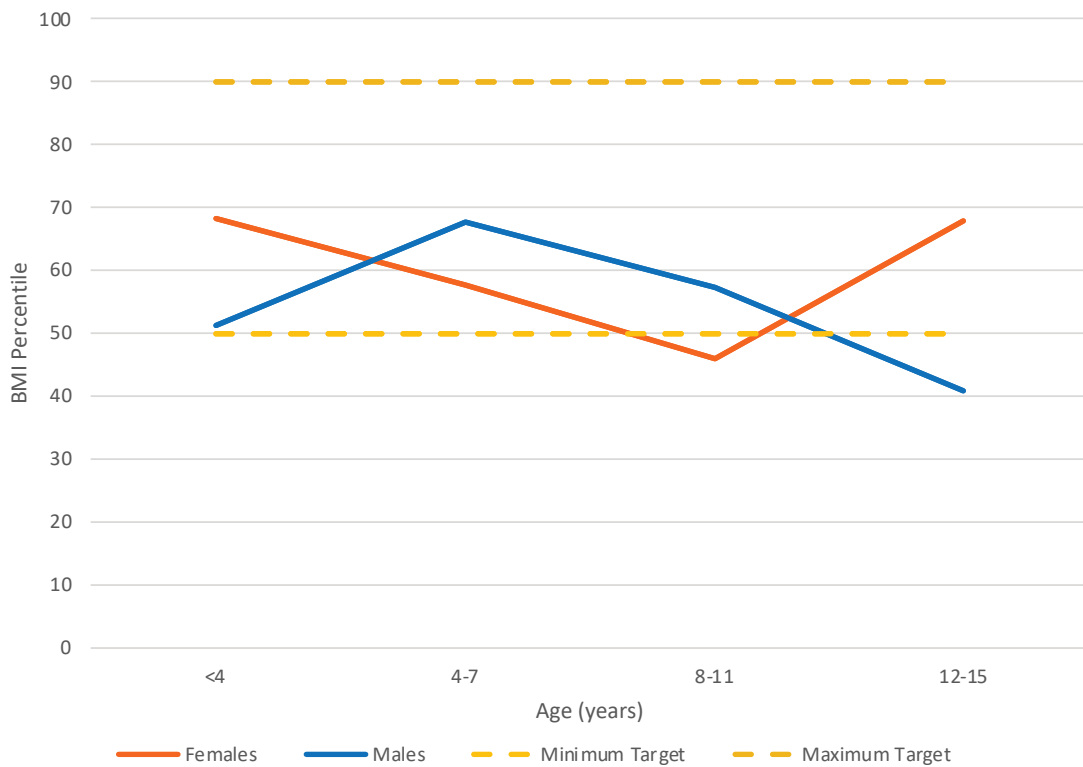
- 1) Infants (0 to 24 months): weight-for-length ≥50th percentile using WHO growth charts
- 2) Children and adolescents (2-18 years): BMI 50-85th percentile (CDC growth charts) or 50- 91st percentile (WHO growth charts)
- 3) Adults: males BMI 23 - 27 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, females BMI 22 - 27 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

This is also reflected in the **Nutrition Guidelines for Cystic Fibrosis in Australia and New Zealand** (<https://www.thoracic.org.au/documents/item/1045>)

For infants under 4 years of age, the median BMI is 63.1 percentile. For children and adolescents, the median BMI is 57.3 percentile. For adults 49% of males and 55% of females are above the minimum target range.

### 4.3 Median BMI Percentile <16 Years

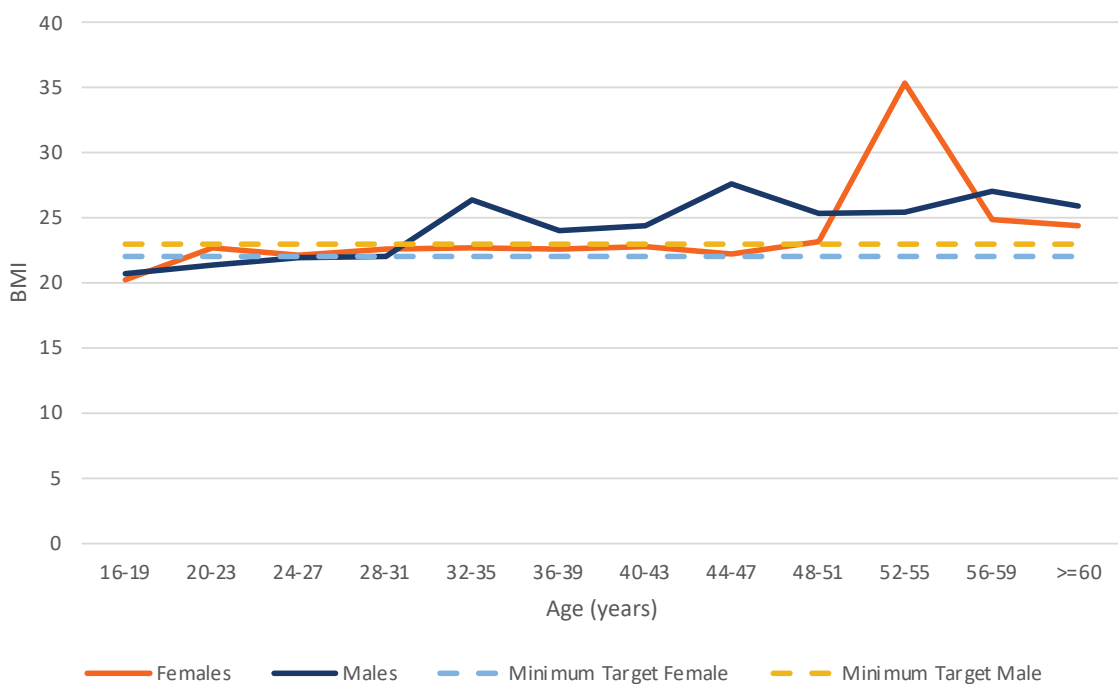
197 PWCF



The optimal BMI for children 2 - 16 is 50 - 91 percentile using the WHO-NZ growth chart. The dotted yellow lines shows the target range.

### 4.4 Median BMI ≥16 Years

254 PWCF



The optimal BMI for women is 22 - 27 and the dotted yellow line shows the minimum BMI for women in the target range. The optimal BMI for men is 23 - 27. The dotted blue line shows the minimum BMI for men in the target range.

## 4.5 Supplemental Feeding

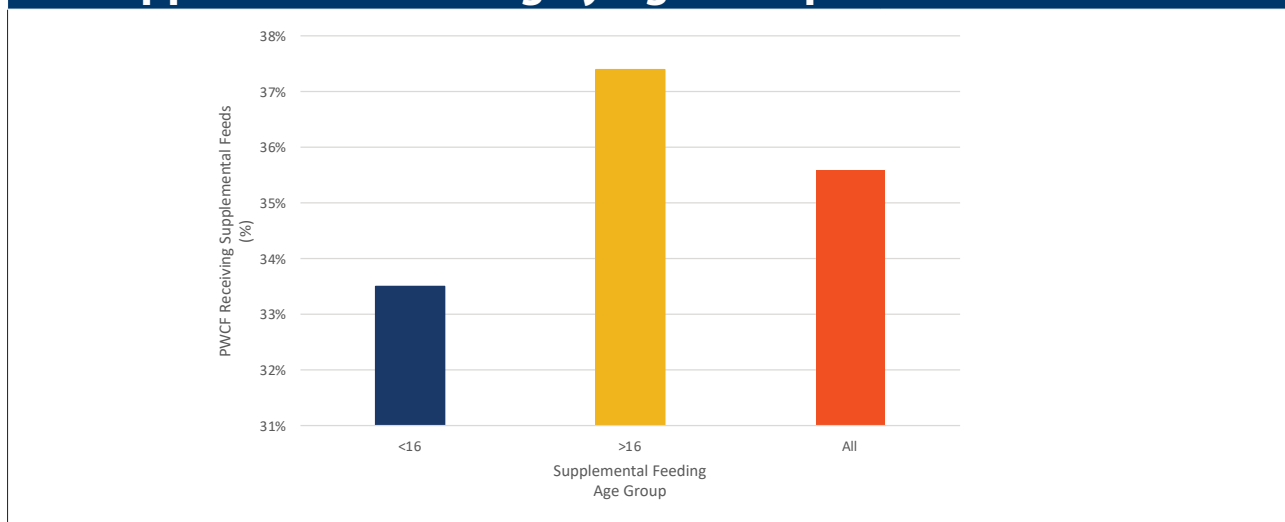
486 PWCF

<16 years, n = 224		
	Yes	Percent supplemented
<b>Supplemental Feeding Total</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>33.5%</b>
Nasogastric	5	2.2%
Gastrostomy	9	4.0%
Oral	69	30.8%
≥16 years, n = 262		
	Yes	Percent supplemented
<b>Supplemental Feeding Total</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>37.4%</b>
Nasogastric	3	1.2%
Gastrostomy	17	6.5%
Oral	86	32.8%

Some individuals may be on more than one type of supplemental feeding.

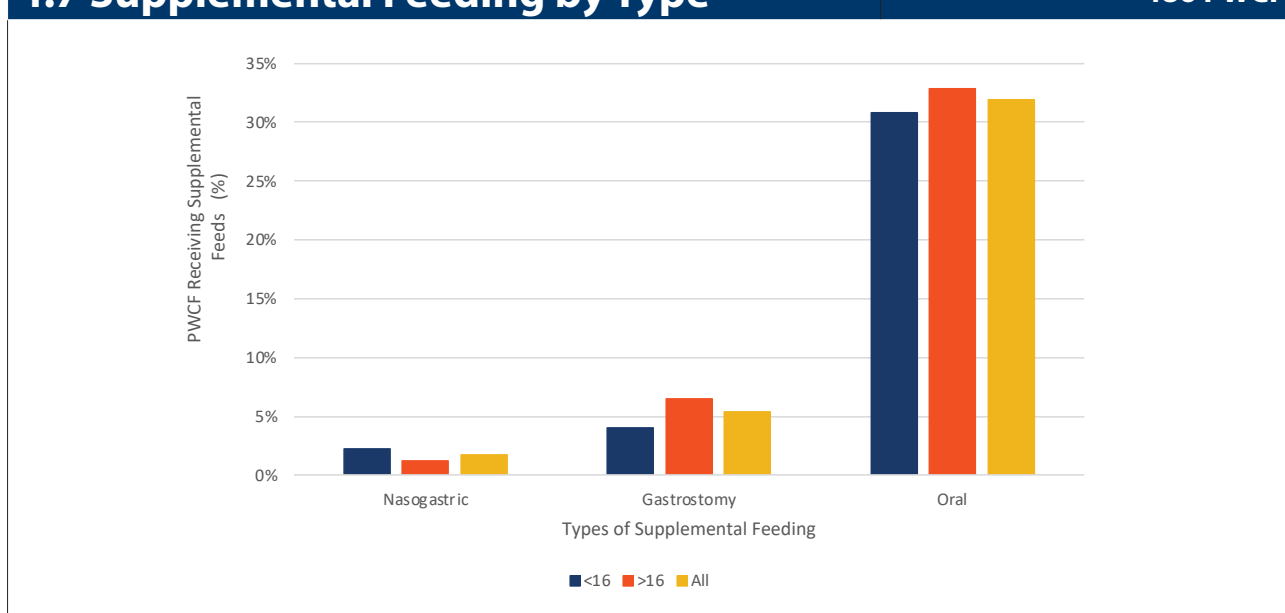
## 4.6 Supplemental Feeding by Age Group

486 PWCF



## 4.7 Supplemental Feeding by Type

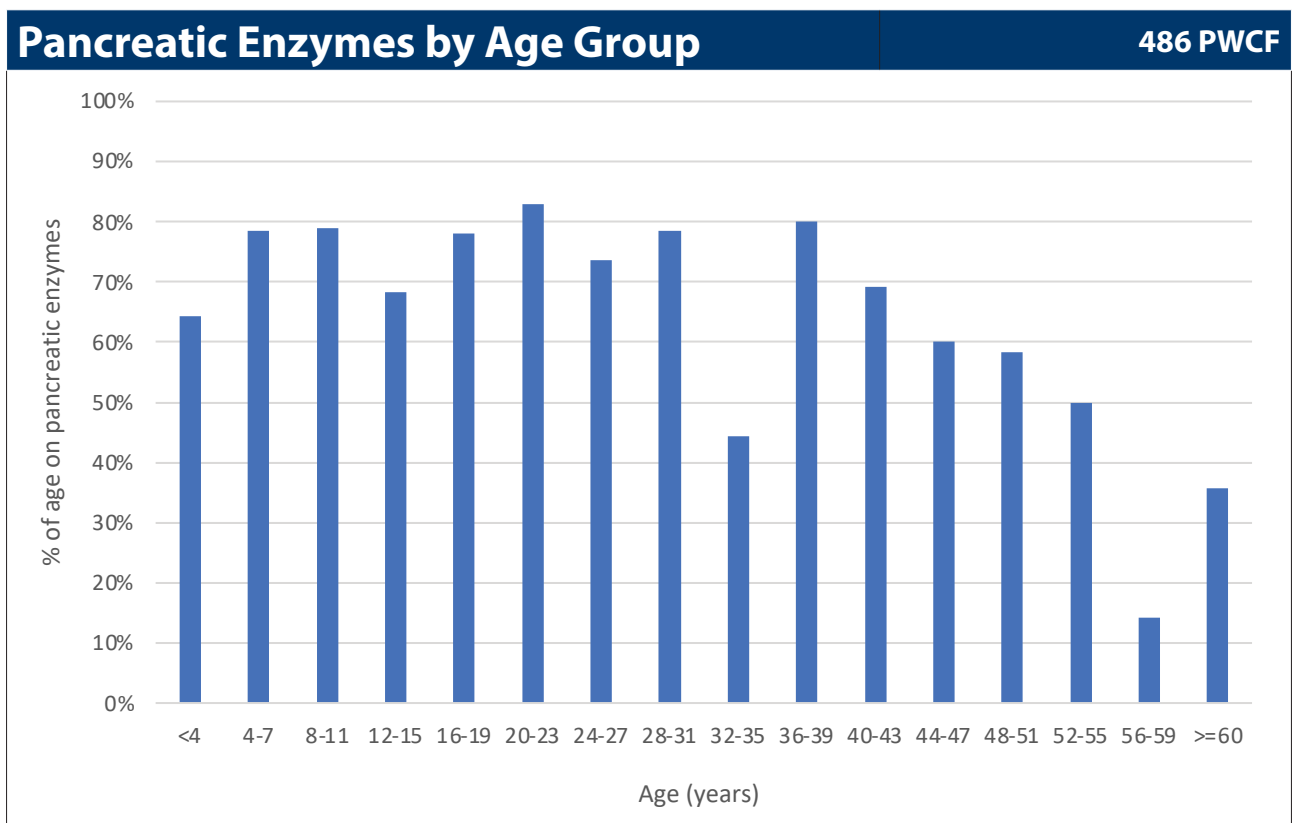
486 PWCF



Supplemental feeding use remains high.

# 5. Pancreatic Enzymes

5.1 Pancreatic Enzymes by Age Group				486 PWCF
Age Group	Number in age group	On Pancreatic Enzymes	Percent of age group	Percent of PWCF
<4	59	38	64.4%	7.8%
4-7	51	40	78.4%	8.2%
8-11	57	45	78.9%	9.3%
12-15	57	39	68.4%	8.0%
16-19	50	39	78.0%	9.0%
20-23	41	34	82.9%	7.0%
24-27	38	28	73.7%	5.8%
28-31	28	22	78.6%	4.5%
32-35	18	8	44.4%	1.6%
36-39	25	20	80.0%	4.1%
40-43	13	9	69.2%	1.9%
44-47	10	6	60.0%	1.2%
48-51	12	7	58.3%	1.4%
52-55	6	3	50.0%	0.6%
56-59	7	1	14.3%	0.2%
>=60	14	5	35.7%	1.0%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>344</b>		<b>71.6%</b>



Of the 486 PWCF for whom there is data, 344 are on pancreatic enzymes and 142 are not.



# 6. Airway Clearance Techniques

## 6.1 Primary Airway Clearance

486 PWCF

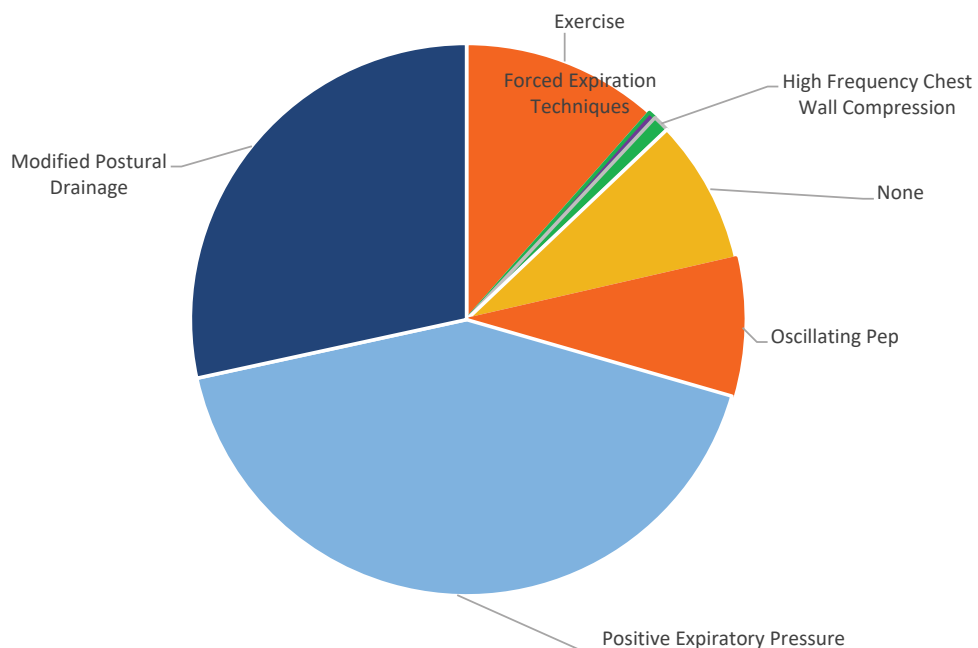
	<16 years, n = 224	
	Number of PWCF	Percent of PWCF
Positive Expiratory Pressure	89	47.6%
Modified Postural Drainage	60	32.1%
Exercise	28	13.0%
Oscillating Pep (e.g.Flutter, Acapella, IPV)	17	9.1%
Forced Expiration Techniques (e.g. huff cough, active cycle breathing, autogenic drainage)	1	0.5%
High Frequency Chest Wall Compression (e.g. vest)	2	1.1%
None	18	9.6%

	≥16 years, n = 262	
	Number of PWCF	Percent of PWCF
Positive Expiratory Pressure	94	56.6%
Modified Postural Drainage	0	0.0%
Exercise	69	29.4%
Oscillating Pep (e.g.Flutter, Acapella, IPV)	31	18.7%
Forced Expiration Techniques (e.g. huff cough, active cycle breathing, autogenic drainage)	29	17.5%
High Frequency Chest Wall Compression (e.g. vest)	0	0.0%
None	12	7.2%

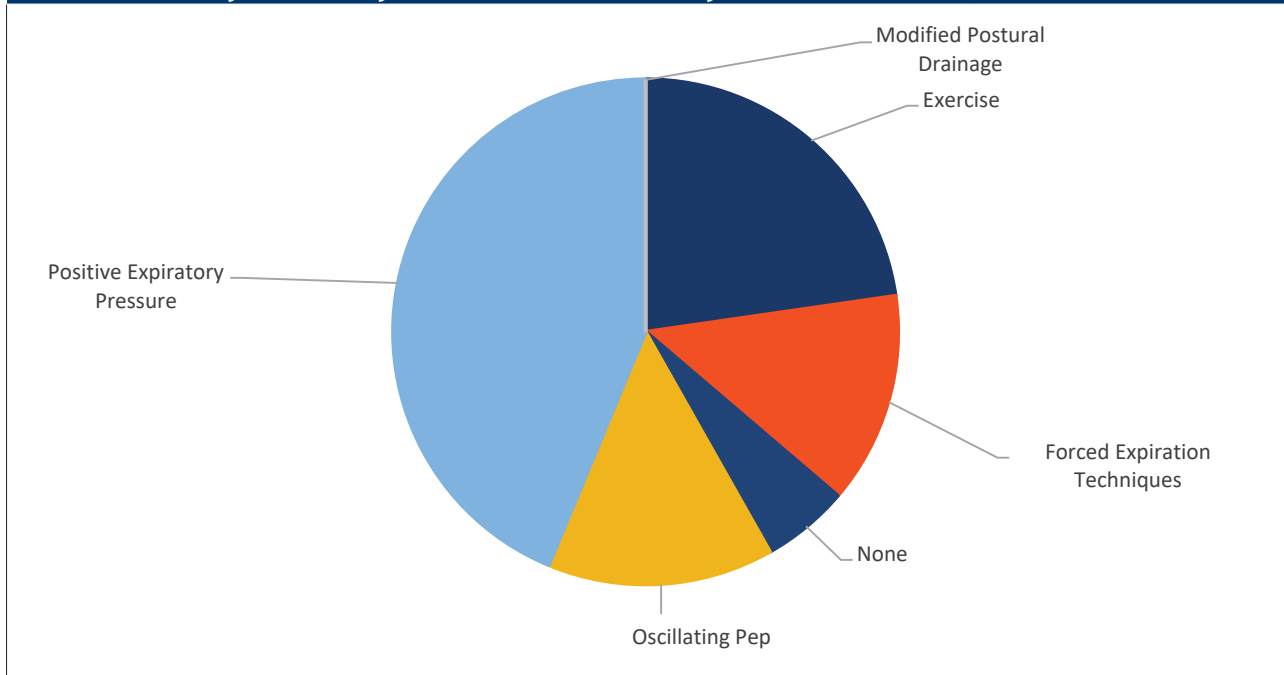
## 6.2 Primary Airway Clearance <16 years

224 PWCF



## 6.3 Primary Airway Clearance $\geq 16$ years

262 PWCF



**NOTE:** Some patients may have used more than one technique as their primary airway clearance technique over the course of a year

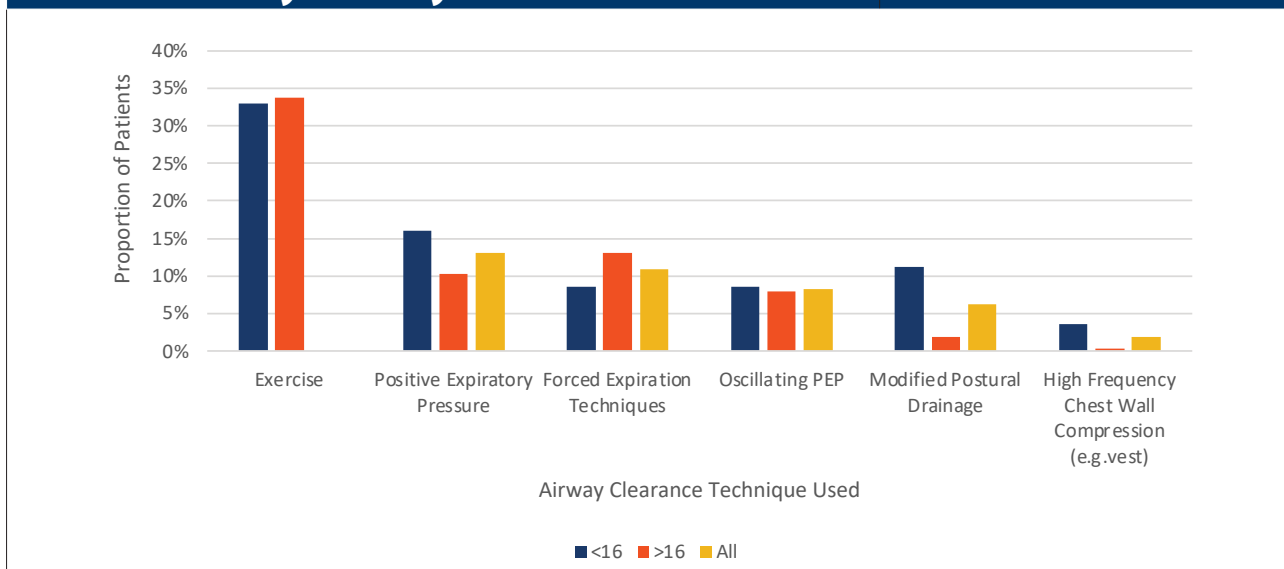
The nominated primary airway clearance technique adds up to greater than 100% because, over the clinic visits for a year, an individual may use differing techniques as his/her main option at different times.

Over the years of the Registry reports, there is a trend for an increased percentage of children to have nominated 'none' as their primary airway clearance, from 2.3% in 2013 to 9.6% in 2021. Overall, the trend is the opposite for the adults, from 18.8% in 2013 down to 6.5% in 2020. This year it has increased slightly to 7.2%

In 2020, significantly fewer children than in past reports chose positive expiratory pressure as their main source of airway clearance, from 59.9% in 2019 to 45.8% in 2020. This year has seen that number grow slightly with 47.6% of children using positive expiratory pressure as their primary airway clearance.

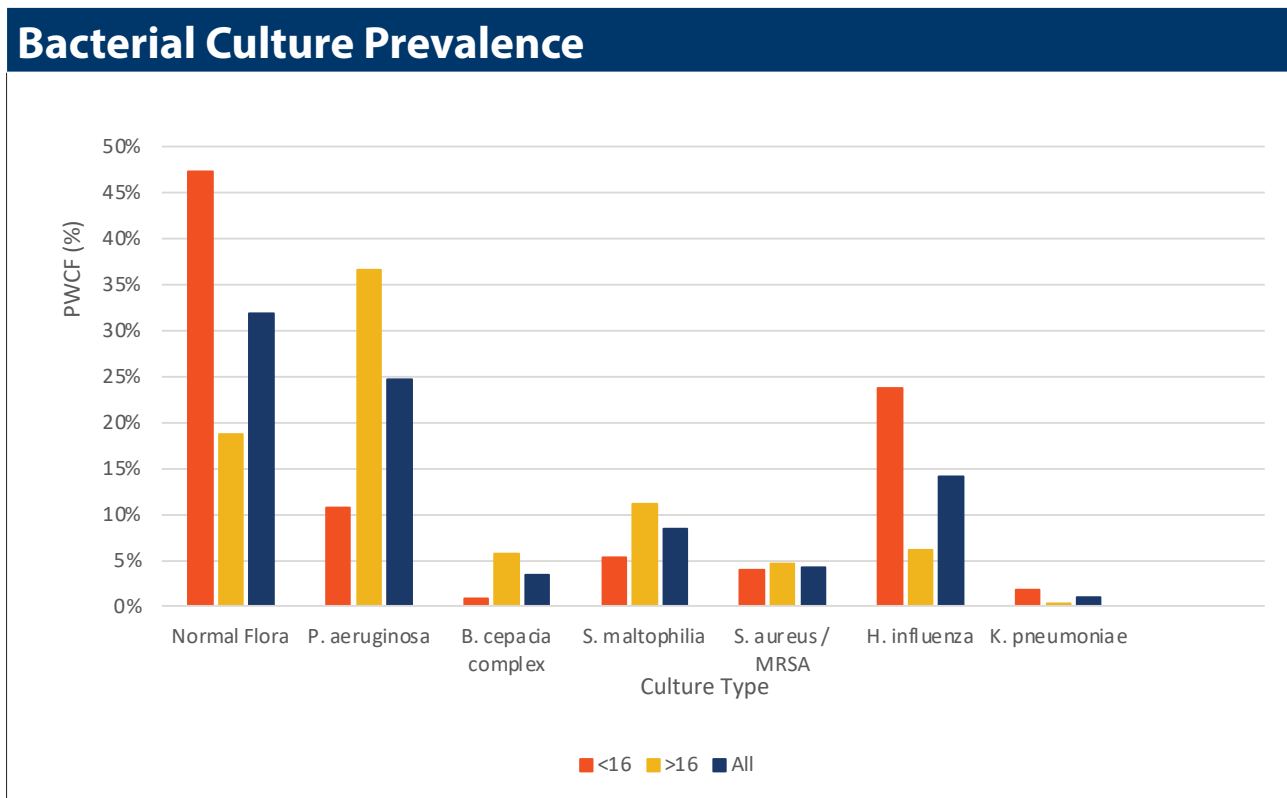
In 2020, we saw a slight drop in the numbers of adults using positive expiratory pressure as their main source of airway clearance, from 42.2% in 2019 to 40.4% in 2020. This year we see a large shift in the opposite direction, with 56.6% of adults choosing positive expiratory pressure as their primary form of airway clearance.

## 6.4 Secondary Airway Clearance



# 7. Microbiology

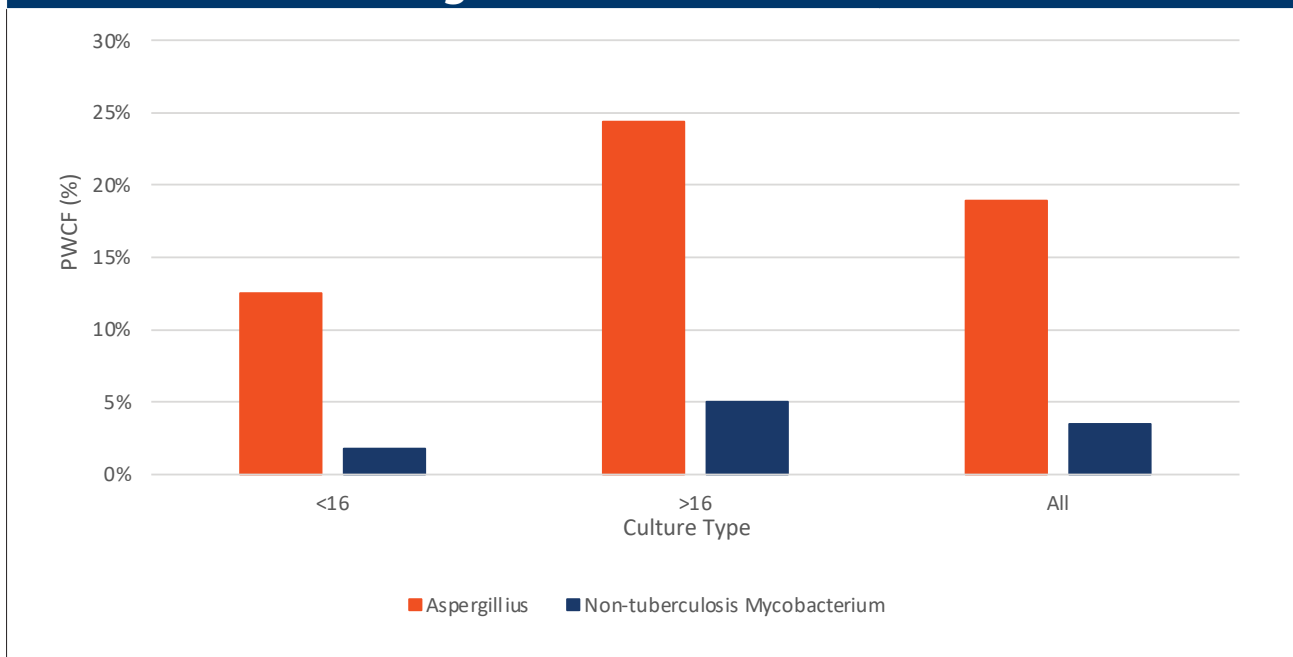
7.1 Bacterial Culture Prevalence						486 PWCF
	<16 years 224PWCF		≥16 years 262 PWCF		Total 486 PWCF	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Normal Flora	106	47.3%	49	18.7%	155	31.9%
Haemophilus influenzae	53	23.7%	16	6.1%	69	14.2%
Escherichia coli	7	3.1%	2	0.8%	9	1.9%
Klebsiella pneumoniae	4	1.8%	1	0.4%	5	1.0%
Stenotrophomonas Maltophilia	12	5.4%	29	11.1%	41	8.4%
<b>Pseudomonas Aeruginosa</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>10.7%</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>36.6%</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>24.7%</b>
Mucoid	6	2.7%	60	22.9%	66	13.6%
Non Mucoid	17	7.6%	69	26.3%	86	17.7%
<b>Staphylococcus Aureus</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>56.3%</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>45.8%</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>50.6%</b>
MSSA	117	51.8%	108	41.2%	225	46.3%
MRSA	9	4.0%	12	4.6%	21	4.3%
<b>Burkholderia Cepacia Complex</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.7%</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
Cenocepacia	0	0.0%	1	0.4%	1	0.2%
Multivorans	2	0.9%	7	2.7%	9	1.9%
Other	22	9.8%	24	9.2%	46	9.5%



In 2019, Pseudomonas aeruginosa was found in 16% of children and 43% of adults. In 2020, this dropped to 11.1% for children and 27.2% for adults and it was speculated that this was due to COVID lockdowns reducing the number of samples collected. This year the child rate remains low at 10.7% but the adults' rate has increased to 36.6%.

## 7.2 Nonbacterial/Fungal Prevalence

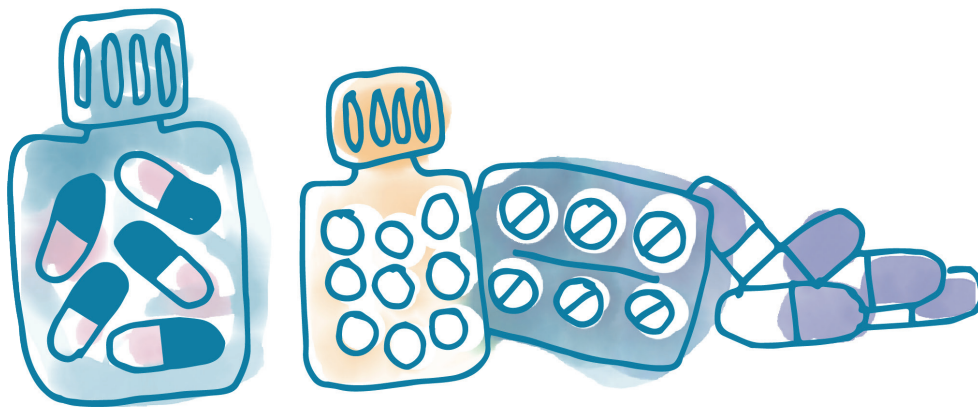
486 PWCF



Normal flora continues to increase in the paediatric cohort.

In 2020, we saw a significant increase in *Haemophilus influenzae* while this year it has dropped to the lowest rate seen since the first Registry report in 2011. This may now reflect the difficulty in obtaining sputum results post COVID lockdowns.

*Burkholderia Cepacia Complex (Other)* has dropped since last year but is still higher than in 2019.



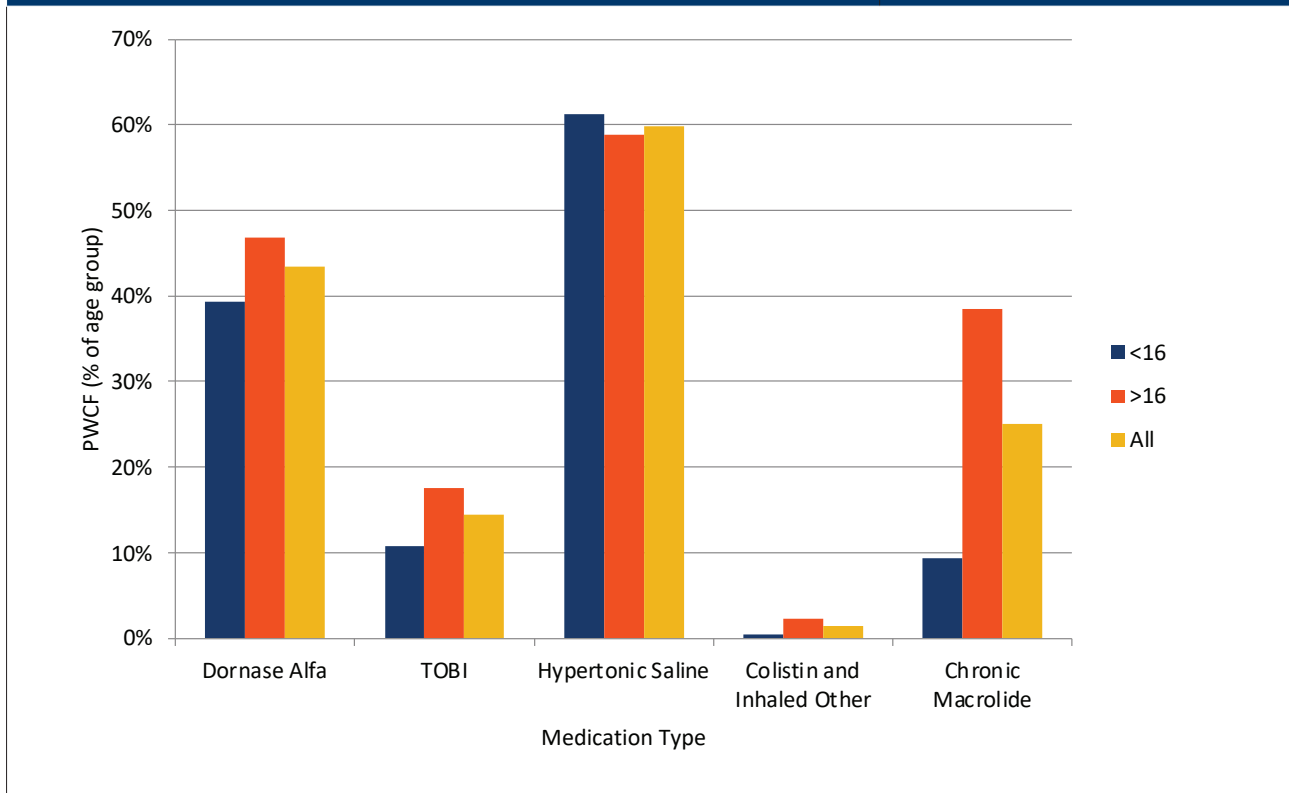
# 8. Medications

## 8.1 Medications Prescribed

476 PWCF

Medication	<16 Years	≥16 Years	All
Hypertonic Saline	61.2%	58.8%	59.9%
Dornase alfa	39.3%	47.6%	43.4%
TOBI	10.7%	17.6%	14.4%
Chronic Macrolide	9.4%	38.5%	25.1%
Corticosteroids Inhaled	7.6%	13.0%	10.5%
Corticosteroids Oral	2.7%	5.7%	4.3%
Antifungals	2.2%	1.9%	2.1%
Influenza Vaccine	74.9%	54.4%	63.7%

### Medications Prescribed



Inhaled other - This includes nebulised Colistin, Tobramycin (intravenous solution), Gentamicin and Aztreonam.

Our use of inhaled antibiotics, nebulised dornase alfa, and oral chronic macrolide therapy is lower than other international registries, but we are high users of nebulised hypertonic saline.

The trend with the Influenza vaccine is opposite to last year, with more children and less adults getting the vaccine. It is disappointing that a third of adults and nearly half of children and youth did not receive the influenza vaccine (or if they did, it was not recorded in the Registry).

# 9. Intravenous Antibiotic Treatment

9.1 Home IV Days					476 PWCF
Age	Number In Age Group	Number Who Had IV Days	Percent PWCF Who Had IV Days	Mean Days For PWCF Who Have Had IV Days	Mean Days For All PWCF
<4	52	9	17.3%	17.9	3.1
4-7	51	10	19.6%	12.8	2.5
8-15	56	12	21.4%	22.9	4.9
16-18	56	16	28.6%	18.5	5.3
16-19	50	22	44.0%	33.8	14.9
20-23	41	14	34.1%	33.8	11.5
24-27	38	12	31.6%	23.3	7.4
28-31	28	11	39.3%	18.7	7.4
32-35	17	5	29.4%	8.2	2.4
36-39	24	9	37.5%	15.8	5.9
40-43	13	5	38.5%	11.8	4.5
44-47	11	4	36.4%	21.5	7.8
48-51	12	4	33.3%	14.3	4.8
52-55	6	0	0.0%	9.0	0
56-59	7	1	14.3%	0.0	1.3
≥60	14	2	14.3%	12	1.7
<b>Totals</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>28.6%</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>6.3</b>

9.2 Home IV Days					476 PWCF
Age	Number In Age Group	Number Who Had IV Days	Percent PWCF Who Had IV Days	Mean Days For PWCF Who Have Had IV Days	Mean Days For All PWCF
<4	52	0	0.0%	0	0.0
4-7	51	5	9.8%	1.6	1.6
8-11	56	6	10.7%	1.4	1.4
12-15	56	11	19.6%	2.8	2.8
16-19	50	16	32.0%	4.6	4.6
20-23	41	5	12.2%	1.7	1.7
24-27	38	9	23.7%	5.6	5.6
28-31	28	6	21.4%	2.5	2.5
32-35	17	4	23.5%	1.8	1.8
36-39	24	7	29.2%	6.3	6.3
40-43	13	4	30.8%	6.2	6.2
44-47	11	3	27.3%	2.3	2.3
48-51	12	4	33.3%	4.3	4.3
52-55	6	0	0.0%	0	0.0
56-59	7	0	0.0%	0	0
≥60	14	1	7.1%	0.4	0.4
<b>Totals</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>2.6</b>



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

GO Healthy GO MAGNESIUM 1-A-D

300 mg

Sandoz 1mg

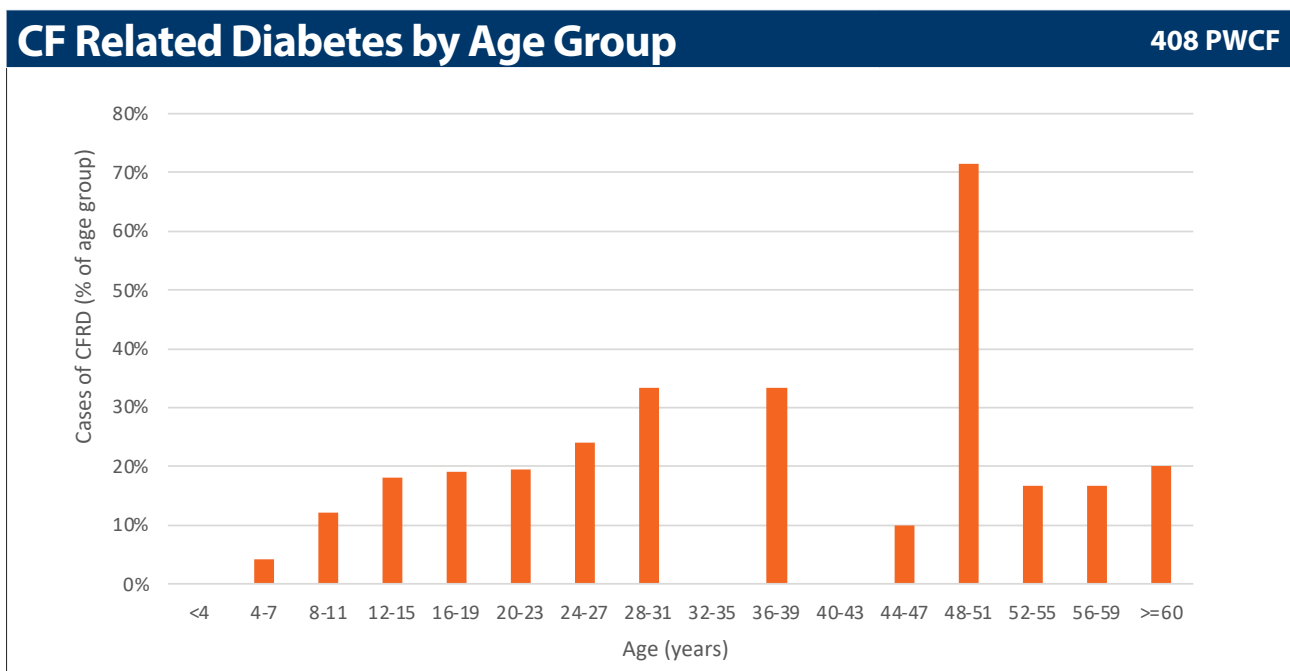
5 Colocaliferol Capsules 1.25mg

ALCOHOL AMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

# 10. Complications

10.1 CF Related Diabetes By Age Group				408 PWCF
Age Group	Number in group	Number with CFRD	Percent of age group	Percent of PWCF
<4	46	0	0.0%	0.0%
4-7	47	2	4.3%	0.5%
8-11	49	6	12.2%	1.5%
12-15	50	9	18.0%	2.2%
16-19	47	9	19.1%	2.2%
20-23	36	7	19.4%	1.7%
24-27	29	7	24.1%	1.7%
28-31	21	4	33.3%	1.0%
32-35	11	0	0.0%	0.0%
36-39	21	7	33.3%	1.7%
40-43	12	0	0.0%	0.0%
44-47	10	1	10.0%	0.2%
48-51	7	5	71.4%	1.2%
52-55	6	1	16.7%	0.2%
56-59	6	1	16.7%	0.2%
≥60	10	2	20.0%	0.5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>61</b>		<b>15.0%</b>

Age Group	Number in group	Number with CFRD	Percent of age group	Percent of PWCF
<16	192	17	8.9%	4.2%
≥16	216	44	20.4%	10.8%
<b>Total</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>61</b>		



There are fewer cases of CF Related diabetes in the paediatric group this year.

<b>10.2 Liver Function by Ultra Sound</b>					<b>111 PWCF</b>
		<b>Normal</b>		<b>Abnormal</b>	
	<b>Number in age group</b>	<b>Number of PWCF</b>	<b>Percent of PWCF</b>	<b>Number of PWCF</b>	<b>Percent of PWCF</b>
<b>Paediatrics</b>	59	59	100.0%	0	0.0%
<b>Adults</b>	52	29	55.8%	23	44.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>79.3%</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>20.7%</b>

<b>10.3 Bone Density by DEXA Scans</b>					<b>73 PWCF</b>
		<b>Normal</b>		<b>Abnormal</b>	
	<b>Number in age group</b>	<b>Number of PWCF</b>	<b>Percent of PWCF</b>	<b>Number of PWCF</b>	<b>Percent of PWCF</b>
<b>Paediatrics</b>	18	18	100.0%	0	0.0%
<b>Adults</b>	55	32	58.2%	23	41.8%
<b>Total</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>68.5%</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>31.5%</b>

